

## Congress Submits to a "Bulldozer"

Certain organizations of railroad employees threatened to strike, and under this threat Congress has passed a law that they shall be paid, after January 1st, a ten-hour wage for an eight-hour day.

Now we believe in an eight-hour day, but we do not believe in giving it to these strikers. In the first place they are already more highly paid than any other laboring men in the world and this extra pay will have to come from other working men who are much more needy than they; and in the second place we do not believe that Congress ought to pass any law under a threat. President Wilson has been an excellent chief magistrate in many ways, but his consent to this piece of high-handed robbery on the part of an organized set of bulldozers, the country now and history in the future will condemn.

## Dope Doctors

We talked the other day with a man who is known as a drunkard. His children are neglected, his work is uneven, his kinspeople are disgraced; and he began to drink because liquor was prescribed to him by a doctor! Any doctor who will prescribe liquor ought himself to be condemned. It is well known by all the medical schools that there are other things which will do all the good intoxicating liquors have ever been supposed to do, quicker and better. Any doctor today who prescribes intoxicating liquors is either a knave or a man who does not understand his business.

## Children of the Mountains

By Mrs. W. C. Seale, Principal at the Clay City School

"Duty and To-day are ours, Future and Results belong to God" The National idea of education is to uplift, and God is pointing us to the mountains—let us go up and take possession of the people by helping them get an education.

Day by day man is pushing deeper and deeper into this storehouse for material things where with lavish hand God has spiled for His children untold and still undiscovered treasures of the forest, in mines and quarries, fruit and flowers. Are not men and women, boys and girls more valuable than the material things for which men are daily striving? Should we not pay more attention to the intellectual upbuilding of these our mountain people? Here we find the most interesting example of retarded civilization. Closed in from the throbbing, restless world, by the granite ribbed backbone stretching through seven states, here with only an occasional road anywhere other than a creek bed, with unbridged streams, living in isolated districts, unsought and, consequently deprived of what is to us, the most essential elements of progression, and education. These people lack only the quickening of thought and an awakening of the ambition which comes through learning.

When James Stuart, only son of Mary, Queen of Scots, came to the throne, two countries were united under one sovereign, each retained its own parliament, its own church, and its own laws. The Monarch was ruler over these kingdoms. In 1607 James imported a number of Scotch Highlanders into Ulster Province, Ireland, to punish the Irish. Later he misused and persecuted these immigrants so they migrated to America. Most of them came to the Appalachian valleys toward the southwest, others, in

(Continued on Page Five.)

### CONTENTS

PAGE 1. Editorials: Congress Submits to a Bulldozer; Dope Doctors—Children of the Mountains.

PAGE 2. Departmental Columns.

PAGE 3. Serial: Then I'll Come Back to You.—That Sunday Dinner Fetish.—A Eugenic Marriage Proposal.

PAGE 4. Locals.

PAGE 5. Local News Articles.

PAGE 6. Mountain Agriculture:

The State Fair; Berea Corn Show and Fair; Farmers' Chautauqua; Kentucky Pure Seed Law; Community Clubs—Cincinnati Markets.—Home Department: What We Want to Do for You—Decline of Merchant Marine.—Patriotic Chapter in History of U. S.

PAGE 7. International Sunday School Lesson.—For Young Folks.—Our Border Nurse.—Gems in Verse.

PAGE 8. East Kentucky News Letters.—Poem: The Dixie Highway.—National Park Highway Opened.

## IN OUR OWN STATE

The Federal Farm Loan Board will meet in Louisville to hear the claims of Louisville and adjoining cities for a farm loan bank September 26.

A toll gate pike in Trimble County has been donated by its owners and the toll gates have been abolished. Two other companies owning roads are contemplating similar action.

More than 3,000 hogs in Kentucky have been submitted to a treatment with globulin against cholera with the result that the superiority of the refined serum over the unrefined has been demonstrated.

With the aid of county authorities, Clay County has been provided with a forest-fire lookout station, the first of its kind established by the State Forestry Department.

Hundreds of Confederate soldiers, Daughters of the Confederacy and others paid a last tribute to Gen. Basil W. Duke, whose funeral was held in Lexington Monday. The services were simple.

### Local Oil Corporation

Largely made up of Irvine men, a new corporation was organized, styled The Industrial Petroleum Co., capitalized at \$100,000 with offices in Irvine. The officers elected are: D. A. Wallace, president, merchant; Judge Hugh Riddle, vice-president, attorney; W. P. Williams, treasurer, banker; Max Ruby, secretary, oil operator of Marietta, O.; David Ruby, general manager, oil operator of Ohio and West Virginia; Dr. A. M. Steinburg, local optician and N. Levy, local merchant, with officers named, complete the directorate.

### Clark County Oil Prospects

In a few days, it is reported, work will begin on a test well in the neighborhood of the mouth of Red River where quite a number of leases are held by H. R. Odenkirch, of Wooster, O., who is a well known operator. Prospects are that it will be a paying field. The field expert, Mr. Eshelman, is optimistic and stated that oil would most certainly be found in paying quantities.

The State has struggled against manifold difficulties in its effort to raise the standard of excellence in the schools. Owing to the lack of funds, the country districts have suffered, more especially the mountain regions.

Many have been benefited by the capitalists who have gone into the mountains and established schools in their mining camps for the benefit of the children of their employees and have given the children of the district the privilege of coming to school. In most camps they have nine months school by joining their interests with the county.

There are thirty-nine persons to the square mile in the mountains, the population being 3,444,000. The density of the population is greater in the mountains than in any other part of the State. This will come as a surprise to many. The home mission boards are working nobly for the people; they are sending Christian men and women to teach in the schools and many profess faith in God under their helpful influence.

In order that Burbank might continue his work in the plant life the Carnegie Institution is subsidized to the amount of \$10,000 yearly for ten years. This amount would pay the tuition of 1,000 boys and girls for one year. The average annual tuition is about \$11.00 per month for each student. Every school in

(Continued on Page Five.)

Only 419,773 points remaining. There is yet an opportunity for more contestants. It will not be long till you will see the winner, sporting an Overland. Then you will wish you had taken a chance on it.

There is nothing like a friend who pays you attention at regular intervals and gives you help. The Citizen is no exception. Your dollar does not nearly pay its expenses but is only an invitation to come to you. When you send in your invitation always enclose the necessary dollar.

When an automobile contestant suggests to you that you should subscribe for The Citizen, remember that one good turn deserves another. You are helping them, and in turn you are getting one of the best weekly papers in the State.

This is an especially good time to advertise if you want results. You can't find a better medium than The Citizen, so say our best advertisers.

## U. S. NEWS

### GEN. ALBERT L. MILLS

Chief of Militia Affairs  
Division U. S. A. is Dead.



Photo by American Press Association.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Major-General Albert L. Mills, chief of the division of militia affairs, died at his home here of pneumonia after fifteen hours' illness. Before becoming head of the militia division he was president of the war college and superintendent of the military academy. He worked out the mobilization plans for the state troops which operated successfully during the Mexican border situation.

## VILLA AIDED BY CITIZENS

### Chihuahua City Residents Under Arrest.

### MARTIAL LAW IS DECLARED

Villa Cavalrymen Ride Horses to the Second Floor of Palace in Pursuit of Carranza Guards—Salazar, Noted Leader, Killed in Battle.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 19.—Numbers of residents of Chihuahua City, Mexico, have been arrested and charged with complicity in Villa's attack on the town, according to a delayed report received here, and martial law has been declared throughout the state.

This action followed the discovery that during the attack a number of residents, among them amnestied revolutionists, had been sniping from their windows, while others had given information to the bandits. General Jacinto Trevino also issued orders that any person other than soldiers found on the streets after 10 o'clock at night be shot.

A small band of Villistas made an "Hidalgo day" attack on Guerrero, eighty miles west of Chihuahua City, but was repulsed and fell back across the line of the Mexican Northwestern railway toward the foothills of the continental divide, pillaging isolated ranches as it went, according to private advices received.

Recent reports received here have asserted that American cavalry scouting patrols have been operating between Guerrero and Nauvoo. The patrols were sent south from El Valle, the southernmost American base, in response to reports that Villa himself was leading the bandit band in that vicinity. Mexican authorities at Juarez said wire communication was faulty and no reports of an engagement at Guerrero had been received.

A detachment of twenty Villa cavalrymen engaged Carranza infantrymen on the second floor of the state palace, according to additional details of the attack upon Chihuahua City, received here by Andreas Garcia, Mexican consul.

The bandits rode their horses into the building and up the stone steps to the second floor in pursuit of the government guard, which fell back before them. De facto marksmen picked off six of the mounted bandits as they rode into one of the rooms, the remainder making their escape.

The conular dispatches added that Jose Inez Salazar, one of the most notorious of the Mexican leaders, was killed in the engagement following his liberation from the penitentiary. Salazar, contrary to earlier reports, is now said to have been killed fighting with the government troops, his former jailers.

Knowledge is power—and the way to keep up with modern knowledge is to read a good newspaper.

## WORLD NEWS

The offensive movement of the Allies still continues. The reports are somewhat conflicting but gains are being made by English, French, Russians, and Italians. Germany is trying very hard to strike a decisive blow against Roumania but has failed to succeed.

The son of English Premier Asquith is reported to be killed in the military operations in the region of the Somme river. War is no respecter of persons and death comes to those of high station as well as low.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador to the United States, has just returned to this country. He has struggled hard to prevent a break between Germany and the United States and has grown to look much older under the stress and worry.

Japan denies the report that her demands on China would destroy the sovereignty of that country, according to the report of our ambassador to that country. The Root-Takahira agreement between the United States and Japan guarantees the equity of China and requires notice of any step toward a change.

A British torpedo boat, during the week, stopped an American Philippine steamer inside the territorial waters. Search was made for a certain man supposed to be on board. Our State Department is to make a protest against patrolling squadrons in and near territorial waters.

Villa is reported to be on the scene of action again. With a large following an attack was made on Chihuahua. This serves to arouse once more the anti-Caranza element in Mexico.

President Wilson received personally the delegates from Mexico to the Joint Commission Meeting in the United States. He expressed sympathy for the effort being made in Mexico to create a higher type of republic, and the Mexican Minister of Finance in reply said that his country was slowly struggling toward the light.

## FRENCH TROOPS TAKE FLORINA

### Bulgars Retreat in Disorder Toward Monastir.

### GAINS ALSO ON SOMME FRONT

Capture Another Group of German Trenches in West—Deneicourt is Completely Encircled—Lively Fighting on Verdun and Champagne.

London, Sept. 19.—The important town of Florina in northwestern Macedonia has been captured by the French, according to the announcement from the Paris war office, and the Bulgarians are said to be retreating in disorder in the direction of Monastir. A similar report, coming from Athens, asserts that the Franco-Serbian forces have surrounded the Bulgarians in northwestern Macedonia, and that the Bulgarians are falling back precipitately on Monastir.

South of Combes, on the Somme front, the French have carried another group of German trenches, according to the official statement from the war office. Desperate fighting continues around Deneicourt, while actions both in the Champagne district and on the Verdun front, where the French captured a trench on Dead Man Hill are recorded.

According to the Paris war office the Servian troops have gained successes in the region of Lake Ostrom.

The bandits rode their horses into the building and up the stone steps to the second floor in pursuit of the government guard, which fell back before them. De facto marksmen picked off six of the mounted bandits as they rode into one of the rooms, the remainder making their escape.

The conular dispatches added that Jose Inez Salazar, one of the most notorious of the Mexican leaders, was killed in the engagement following his liberation from the penitentiary. Salazar, contrary to earlier reports, is now said to have been killed fighting with the government troops, his former jailers.

East of Cerna Servian troops have reached the approaches to Mt. Vetrnik and repulsed violent Bulgarian attacks," says the statement.

"Farther west, Servian detachments continue to advance despite the difficulty of the ground and have, with a single rush, carried along the crest of Kalmakalan, the first Bulgarian line,

which was strongly organized and defended by numerous wire entanglements. Counter attacks launched during the night were repulsed completely.

"Northwest of Lake Ostromo Servian

(Continued on page Eight.)

## University Column

Miss Helen Dizney of the class of '16 is teaching in her home school at Everts this year. She is in charge of the third and fourth grades.

Simon Muney, who has been employed in the printing office for seven years, resigned Friday to become manager of the College dairy. Mr. Muney has had considerable experience and will make good in his new position.

## MRS. W. E. VALE PASSES AWAY

Last Saturday morning Mrs. W. E. Vale passed away after a lingering illness. A short service was conducted by her pastor, Dr. B. H. Roberts, after which her remains were taken to her former home in Ohio for burial. Mrs. Vale, formerly Miss Atkinson, was born near Stu- benville, O. She was educated at Scio College in her native state and later studied music at the Boston Conservatory. She was an accom- plished musician, having played the pipe organ in her former home for several years. She was married to W. E. Vale six years ago.

For several years the deceased has been in poor health and she has suffered quite a bit since coming to Berea one year ago. She was a devoted Christian and faced death with great heroism. The end was peaceful and calm. The remains were accompanied to their final resting place in Ohio by Mr. Vale. The sympathy of a host of friends, both here and elsewhere, goes out to him in the hour of his great sorrow.

## COLLEGE SUNDAY SCHOOL ORGANIZED

The College Sunday School, with Professor Smith as superintendent, was organized Sunday morning for the ensuing year. The attendance was greater than ever before at this season. There were about one thousand present at the opening session. The superintendent gave a hearty address of welcome. Students representing the different religious societies spoke words of welcome. Mrs. Robertson on behalf of the Faculty women and Professor Peck on behalf of the Faculty welcomed the students back to Berea. This great Sunday School, the largest in Kentucky, is a great factor in the religious life of our students.

Many special classes are being provided for this year and the work will be pushed with greater vigor than ever before.

## DORMITORY RECEPTIONS

Monday afternoon the young men of the Institution held an open house for the young ladies. From 3:30 until 5:30 all doors were open for the fair ones to come and go at pleasure. The receptions at all of the dormitories were of practically the same nature, the one at Pearsons Hall being typical.

On arriving at Pearsons Hall the young women of the College Department were made welcome in a happy speech by Professor Messner. He was followed by Miss Jameson, the latest addition to the Music School Faculty, who gave a splendid piano solo. The visitors were then escorted thru the various rooms of the home of the College men. Many were the remarks as to their neatness and their betrayal of studious occupants.

Later every one gathered in the lobby to listen to a short but interesting program. Songs by Miss Cornelius and Professor Phalen and readings by Doctor Raine and Mr. Williams were the principal numbers of the program. David Hopkins was master of ceremonies and well exemplified the genial spirit of the College men. At the conclusion of the program delightful refreshments were served, after which the visitors were escorted to their home at Ladies Hall. The young men of the Institution appreciate an opportunity to entertain the young women and only regret that these opportunities come so seldom.

## Y. W. C. A.

The first meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association for the present school year was held at Ladies Hall Sunday evening at 6:30 o'clock. The leader was Miss Helen Bundy. After some little time had been spent by the officers of the Cabinet in launching the work for the year, the leader spoke on the topic for the evening, "Choose Ye."

She presented the many opportunities that lie before young women in the Institution during the coming year, there being many more than any one person could possibly improve. Consequently, out of the great number of things offered each one must choose that which she will make her own. According to the leader these choices are very important, they are the things that make up character and character is that priceless gem which every one is need.

## College Column

Homer Lewis of the College Department, who has been in Detroit, Mich., during the summer, returned to Berea Monday.

Oscar Lewis of Cutshin will return to Berea next Monday to re-enter the College Department.

## CHAPEL SERVICES

Sunday night Doctor Raine spoke to the young people of Upper Chapel in a very thoughtful and earnest manner. The old students were glad to have the opportunity to hear the speaker again, and the new students were equally glad after the sermon. Doctor Raine delivered a simple Gospel discourse, treating the incident when Nicodemus, the leader of the most highly educated Jews, came to Jesus by night to question Him as to His ministry. The address gave a new interpretation of this incident to most of those present. The students who have been assigned to Upper Chapel for Sunday evening worship are looking forward to these occasions with great interest. They will be a source of great inspiration and help to every one.

## PI EPSILON PI ENTERTAINS

Saturday night the members of Pi Epsilon Pi Literary Society entertained the new girls of the College Department at the Girls' Gymnasium. Games of various kinds and descriptions were played, being supplemented by readings and other humorous stunts by different people, both old and new. At intervals refreshments were served which added to the gaiety of the entire occasion. Whatever had been their experiences during the hour, at its conclusion the new girls felt at home with their hostesses as they had not felt before. The great cozy fireplace with its sparkling embers added to the warmth of the occasion and the good cheer of the hour will not be soon forgotten.

UTILE DULCE HAS BREAKFAST

In accordance with the spirit of the season Utile Dulce Literary Society entertained the new girls of the College Department at breakfast on the banks of Silver Creek Monday morning. The coolness of the morning which at first made sweater necessary was soon driven away by the warmth of the welcome given by the hostesses. On the rocks, Berea's historic place for such occasions, a hot and simulating breakfast was served. After-breakfast speeches had to be cut short on account of other engagements. The president gave glowing words of welcome, setting forth in a clear and concise manner the aims of the society during the coming year. The entire hour was replete with jollity and gaiety of the most wholesome nature and at the appointed time all returned to Ladies Hall feeling they were just beginning a great year's work.

## SOW BELLY ROAST

Friday evening the members of Phi Delta Literary Society, as a first step toward a better acquaintance and a stronger union between the young men of the College Department, entertained all the new men of the department at a sow belly roast on the banks of Silver Creek.

To many this was an entirely novel experience, yet the camp supper cooked on the rocks soon found its way near to the hearts of every one, and the remainder of the evening was spent in singing and speech making of the most genial sort. Several faculty members were present whose after-dinner speeches brought forth hearty applause and paved the way for the less experienced speakers who followed. Every one was conscious of a great fellowship which, it is to be hoped, will bind the men together throughout the year. There is something about a mixture of eggs, soot, meat, ashes, jam and burnt fingers that binds men together, altho they were strangers a short time before.

## If They Told the Truth.

Just received your dinky little present. Pity you thought it was necessary to give me anything, but consoling to think your reputation for general meanness remains unchallenged.

At the family dinner party, by the host, looking around, "Well, I have never realized before what a motley lot of relatives I have. My wife and I have been dreading this dinner for weeks, but now that it is almost over I'm beginning to feel positively cheerful. Here's to you. May we never meet again!"—Life.

seeking. The meeting was well attended and great interest was shown. The Y. W. C. A. girls are planning a very successful year and, considering the magnificent beginning made Sunday night, there is little doubt but that they will suc-

## Academy Column

Wallace Buchanan, who left for his home in July in a very weakened condition from an operation, returned to Berea Friday whole and strong.

Miss Kate Parrish of Christiansburg, Va., accompanied by her mother, came to Berea Monday to enter the Academy Department.

## OPENING DAYS

Again we are brought face to face with the law that life is progress and that progress continually draws its sustenance from new and untapped sources. The student body of last year is not the student body of this year. Many have dropped out and new students have stepped into their places. This may seem to be a sad fact, but on the contrary it is a glorious one. It is simply an application of that old principle of the "survival of the fittest." The weak and the less capable give way to the younger and more hardy. And as we near the senior year few of those who started four years ago now remain in the ranks.

The opening day brings back to mind the old second reader story of the first day of school. Dean Matheny and his corps of efficient teachers were at the door to welcome those who "hunger and thirst" after knowledge. And even in the ranks of the faculty we saw three new faces filling the places of three of our loved instructors of last year. So turns the wheel of time, ever carrying away our old friends and bringing new ones to fill their places. But they are not forgotten. The memory of A. S. Hancock, Fred Ford, James Wynn, and Miss Sinclair can never die so long as the grace of God permits time. "And in life's broader sea" friends like forgotten rhymes will come back to us and will make life's work easier.

The Academy is growing. We have fifty more students this year than last, fifty more boys and girls to swell our ranks. In other words we now have one hundred more students than any other department. With this advantage are we going to stand back and let others carry off the scholastic and athletic honors that are to be awarded from time to time? No, indeed! Let this not only be our banner year in numbers enrolled, but also in tasks achieved.

All Academy girls who are supporters of the "preparedness" doctrine should take the cooking and sewing course offered by the school for, if they follow the example of a large number of Academy girls, they will need that preparation before long.

Academy students: this column is yours. Whether it will be a success or not depends on you. You can make it what you will. Get busy. See how your best thots will look in print. Pass your wit along to others. Hand your contributions to Miss Augusta Spillman, Clyde Evans or Russell Whitaker.

Lives Up to His Name.

"For the first year of his married life Rounder came to dinner in evening clothes."

"What does he do now?"

"Now he comes to breakfast in them."—Boston Transcript.

## CZAR VISITS BRUSILOFF AT FRONT



Photo by American Press Association.  
Czar Nicholas conferring with General Brusiloff, commander of the Russian forces in their present drive.

## Normal Column

## DIRT ROADS PROBLEM.

Proper Drainage and Systematic Maintenance Are Essential.

All through the central states there seems to be at present an unexpected interest in earth roads, and there is a widespread desire to have an authoritative opinion on the field for which such roads are adapted. It is a subject on which many experienced road engineers are not willing to make any statements for fear of being misunderstood or misquoted, but the road engineer of the Illinois state highway department has recently made some comments that answer a part of this oft repeated question as follows: "The earth road cannot by any system of maintenance be kept up throughout the entire year to the usual standard



WORKING ON AN EARTH ROAD.

of the other types. The use of the road in a wet and softened condition is what causes the trouble. Under the conditions where the earth road is a suitable type its total cost for construction and maintenance is less than that of any other type. In dry weather and when it is not too dusty the properly constructed and maintained earth road is by far more pleasant and more satisfactory to travel upon than any other road.

With neglected maintenance, however, no other type of road can go to pieces and become impassable so quickly as an earth road, nor,

on the other hand, can any other type be brought to a satisfactory condition for travel so quickly and so cheaply after having been impassable.

From these peculiar features it will be noted that practically the entire problem with earth roads is their proper drainage and systematic maintenance. The opportunity for bettering our road conditions by properly improving the earth roads is almost beyond our imagination."

## TRAIN HITS AUTO: TWO DEAD

Corporal Gromley of Illinois Regiment on Border, One Victim.

New Braunfels, Tex., Aug. 8.—Elmer E. Gromley, thirty, of Aurora, Ill., corporal in Co. I, Third Illinois Infantry, one of the two Illinois regiments in camp here, was instantly killed here when an automobile in which he was riding was hit at a crossing by a Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train. His face cut cut almost in two.

Henry Benoit, forty-five, merchant of New Braunfels, who was driving the car was also killed. August Knetzsch and Gus Scholl of New Braunfels were injured, the former seriously.

## Vocational Column

## THE FARM SILO

A silo on a farm is a mark of progress. No other building so well advertises the intent of the farmer to be progressive and up-to-date; and no other building saves him so much money on the investment. A good silo will pay as much as 100 per cent on the investment the first year. The silo saves all of the corn crop, 40 per cent of which would otherwise be wasted. The silo eliminates troublesome corn stalks and elevates feeding, especially in winter, from back-breaking drudgery to a science.

The advantages of the silo are almost too great to enumerate. In regions devoted to the dairy industry they have become so useful that many farmers consider them indispensable.

Silage makes a good feed for all farm stock, and particularly for cattle and sheep. Silage is the best and cheapest form in which feed can be provided for winter use. It economizes farm labor. It can be put up in weather that cannot be utilized in making hay or curing fodder. Silage is very palatable and good silage is all consumed. More stock can be kept on a given area of land when silage is the basis of the ration. In converting the corn crop into silage we clear the land sooner and leave it ready for another crop than if the crop is shocked and husked.

The farmer who keeps as many as ten cows, or the equivalent of this number in other stock, should never think of not having a silo.

As alfalfa is king of forage crops, so is corn the best of the silage crops. In addition to corn, alfalfa, clover hay, sugar beet tops, pea vines and a dozen of other crops have been successfully siloed. But owing to the hollow stems of most of the other crops and the difficulty of forcing all the air out, the corn crop has proven to be the best crop for silage.

Corn is universally recognized as the greatest of the silage crops. Its large yield of grain and fodder under fair conditions is remarkable. Corn, on bottom land, will produce from six to twenty tons of silage per acre. Corn is more easily harvested and put into the silo than any other crop.

In cutting corn for the silo it is very important that it be cut at the proper time so as to secure all the good material the corn produces. Experiments show that corn contains more food when it is near maturing than at any other time. Therefore it should not be cut for silage purposes until near maturity.

After we have convinced ourselves that a silo is a profitable investment, we should consider the kind of a silo to build. There are several different kinds on the market, but the kind to erect depends on the size of the farm and the number of cattle to be fed. The stave type is the cheapest in the beginning but not in the end. The different kinds of concrete silos are numerous. The solid concrete, the block silo, and the hollow tile silo are the most durable on the market. Any of the concrete silos will cost more to erect, but when erected, the cost is at an end.

It is very important that the silos be properly located, as silage is a very heavy feed. Thus the silo should be located near the feeding alley. Above all do not have the silo surrounded by other buildings and pens, thus making it unhandy for filling.

In filling the silo no means should be spared in doing it properly. In cutting corn for the silo the entire plant should be used; do not remove the ears from the stock but feed the entire plant into the cutter. It is very important that the silage be cut very short, as the shorter it is cut the closer it will pack together, forcing out more of the air and making a better quality of silage.

In feeding silage it should always be removed from the top, as an opening in the bottom of the silo will admit air and spoil the supply of silage. There is no way to prevent a small portion on top from spoiling, and when we start feeding from the silo this should be removed and disposed of by putting in the manure pit or by scattering over the land where the stock cannot get to it, as molded silage is very harmful to animals. At least two inches of the silage should be removed each day so as to prevent it from molding.

Frozen silage should never be fed and can best be thawed out after the day's feed has been removed by scraping it from the walls and piling it in the center of the silo to thaw.

Only as much silage should be thrown down the chute at one time as is required at that specific feeding period. Otherwise the silage will spoil and the feeder can be blamed only for his own carelessness.

This week the very interesting process of filling Berea College silo is going on. It has been of no little interest to the students, and especially to the Vocational. This is a splendid object lesson to our coming farmers.

## Foundation Column

## THE GOOD ROADS BILL.

Authorizes Expenditure by Government of \$85,000,000 in Five Years.

The good roads bill recently passed by congress and signed by President Wilson authorizes the expenditure of \$85,000,000 in five years by the federal government. This marks the beginning of active co-operation between the national government and the states in highway improvements in a country wide program.

The condition attached to the expenditure of the government appropriation is that the states shall expend an amount similar to that apportioned to them for the indicated improvement.

The bill provides that in addition to the money to be spent in co-operation with the states \$10,000,000 shall be provided for roads in federal forest reserves, to be spent at the rate of \$1,000,000 a year for ten years.

The co-operative plan is said to have sprung from the combined energies of the American Association of State Highway Officials and the American Automobile Association. The bill is an amalgamation of what was known as the Shackleford bill of the house and the Bankhead bill of the senate.

The total federal distribution for the five years among the forty-eight states is: Alabama, \$1,008,000; Arizona, \$1,076,250; Arkansas, \$272,750; California, \$2,336,250; Colorado, \$1,302,000; Connecticut, \$478,500; Delaware, \$124,500; Florida, \$840,750; Georgia, \$2,079,750; Idaho, \$941,250; Illinois, \$3,432,000; Indiana, \$2,109,000; Iowa, \$2,200,500; Kansas, \$2,231,250; Kentucky, \$1,509,000; Louisiana, \$1,019,250; Maine, \$731,250; Maryland, \$862,250; Massachusetts, \$1,140,000; Michigan, \$2,259,750; Minnesota, \$2,190,750; Mississippi, \$1,371,000; Missouri, \$2,033,250; Montana, \$1,512,750; Nebraska, \$1,600,500; Nevada, \$1,004,250; New Hampshire, \$324,750; New Jersey, \$912,000; New Mexico, \$1,235,250; New York, \$3,877,500; North Carolina, \$1,746,000; North Dakota, \$1,176,000; Ohio, \$2,905,500; Oklahoma, \$1,773,750; Oregon, \$1,221,750; Pennsylvania, \$3,585,750; Rhode Island, \$180,750; South Carolina, \$1,111,500; South Dakota, \$1,256,250; Tennessee, \$1,773,750; Texas, \$4,516,750; Utah, \$869,250; Vermont, \$354,000; Virginia, \$1,530,000; Washington, \$1,008,750; West Virginia, \$825,750; Wisconsin, \$1,983,000; Wyoming, \$956,250.

The supplement to the bill gives an additional \$10,000,000, to be expended at the rate of \$1,000,000 a year on roads within or adjacent to federal forest reserves, the money to be repaid ultimately out of the sale of timber and from other sources of revenue. The western states were particularly interested in this phase of the question and successfully contended that the national government should protect and develop its own property.

## Then I'll Come Back to You

By LARRY EVANS  
Author of  
"Once to Every Man"

Copyright, 1915, by the H. E. Fly Company

### CHAPTER X.

"Not a Chance in the World."

"Of course you've found Garry?" She hastened to swing the conversation to a less personal quarter. "Is he... will you tell me about it, please?"

One small, gauntleted hand made an almost imperceptible gesture toward the unoccupied space beside her on the fallen tree. But he chose the ground at her feet. And after he had disposed of his long length to his liking he answered her hurried question—answered it with an amiably lazy deliberation that promised a sure return to the top of his own choosing, in his own good time.

"No," he stated, and there was something lugubrious in the baldness of the statement. "He found me. And it was the biggest stroke of luck that he did. I grow more and more lucky this morning. Wouldn't you say so?"

"But you must have an inkling as to the man's identity!" she cried. "Why, you've got to find that out before he does more harm next time. Haven't you a suspicion even?"

One foot swung free. She leaned forward in her eagerness, a slender and entirely boyish figure in diminutive breeches and boots and straight lined coat. And the man laughed aloud up into her flushed face, softly and not quite steadily at her hostile indignation, her intuitive feminine curiosity, and most of all, most unsteadily, at his wonder of her herself.

"Why, yes," he admitted. "Both Joe and I do believe we know who it was, but we aren't sure because we don't understand yet what that man's motive might be. I'd tell you only I don't like to accuse anybody until there is cause for it. But that's what brought me down here this morning—that and because I wanted to tell Miss Burrell that Garry is safe and will continue to be from now on. I hope. Those were two of my reasons for coming at least. I had a more important one than either, but—"

Barbara did not wait for him to tell her what it was. She was staring at him in unfigured surprise.

"To tell Miriam?" she echoed. "Do you—you can't mean that you knew she cared for Garry?"

"Didn't you?"

The girl shook her head.

"Never until just a little while ago. I do—know, in the last few days

I've begun to realize how much more you—other people—observe than I do. I've begun to wonder if I haven't been very blindly self-sufficient. For I never dreamed of such a thing until something happened after I left you last night." Her voice faltered, but her eyes clung resolutely to his. "She came to me and asked me if I knew where he had gone. She had seen him ride away, too, Mr. O'Mara. And I learned it then just from the terror in her face. But I didn't know until later how much she cared.

"She came into my room this morning, and that, although you can't know it, was more than odd in itself, because I have always been the one to carry my woes to her. It must have been between 4 and 5, for I had counted a clock striking 4, and yet she was still dressed in her party costume. Have you guessed what she had been doing? Mr. O'Mara, she had been out looking for him! She had slipped out and been waiting because she was sure he would come, bolt and—come back home, dragging him by a stirrup! Wasn't that a horrible thing to wait for alone in the dark?"

With a little shudder the girl put her hands over her eyes as if to shut out the picture. "She wasn't hysterical, either. She was just ice and wringing wet and blue with cold. Cool, proud, intolerant



"Twice I've been bitterly unkind to you."

Miriam Burrell! And I'd never dreamed of her caring for anybody until that minute! I sent her to bed, and I think I hated Garry Devereau for an hour or two. Why, Mr. O'Mara, I'd never believed that a girl could care that much for any man!"

She sat a long time, nursing one slim knee between her palms.

"Mr. O'Mara," she appealed to him at last. "How might one reopen a—a rather difficult subject with—with a... surely most difficult conversationalist?"

Without turning his head he made answer:

"I think Fat Joe's method is as good as any," he suggested. "Joe says the only way to reopen any argument is to take a running jump and land, all sprawled out, right in the middle of it. He insists that such procedure leaves no doubt in the mind of any one that the discussion is about to be resumed."

She laughed a little.

"Then shall we consider that I've taken the—the jump and landed?"

Just when she was wishing most that she could see his face he swung around toward her. Again his gravity was a totally gentle thing. It made her remember the self possessed kindness with which he had met her unreasonable rage the night before.

"Twice I've been bitterly unkind to you," she began, "once a long time ago and—and once last night. And on both occasions you have just tried to tell me, indirectly at least, that you cared, hadn't you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then whimsically. "Won't you call that explanation enough and let me tell it to you again—so you can't misunderstand?"

"I've asked you to forgive me the first offense," she hurriedly denied his appeal. "And the second, Mr. O'Mara, years ago you told me I didn't think you good enough to be my knight. My outburst was only childish temper that day, but did you think last night that I still underrated you?"

"Indirectly?" he murmured. "Was I as obscure as that?" And then

## LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREAL AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

**BRECK & EVANS**  
RICHMOND, KY.  
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT,  
AND LIVE STOCK  
INSURANCE  
See the New Life Policy.

**C. Tevis, the Tailor**

For Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing we give the best work at the lowest price. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 71. We call for and deliver.

**Short Street in the Cornelius Building**  
Call and give me a trial.

Miss Margaret L. Brown of Gatlinburg, Tenn., visited friends in Berea during the week end.

Donald Edwards, who is in school in Ohio this year, spent a short vacation with his parents last week.

Mr. Willie Hayes of Big Hill was brought to the Robinson Hospital Monday and successfully underwent an operation for appendicitis.

George Golden and family of Lexington motored to Berea Sunday and spent the day with his parents.

Mrs. Frank Brady and children arrived from New Mexico last week, and will spend the year here in order for the children to be in school.

Mrs. Tom Quinn of Cincinnati was visiting in Berea and Richmond at the first of the week.

Miss Mabel Lewis who has spent the summer in Battle Creek, Mich., returned home last week.

J. W. Hudspeth was in Richmond Monday.

Fish's Millinery Opening, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29-30. Ad-13.

Fletcher Campbell, after a pleasant week's visit with his brother Piner, left last week to enter West Virginia State University.

Mrs. James Coyle visited with her mother, Mrs. J. D. Logsdon, at Brassfield, a few days last week.

Mrs. E. L. Robbins and Miss Mabel Bicknell were shopping in Richmond Monday.

Mrs. Joe Brannaman has been visiting friends in Winchester.

Robt. Engle is in Cincinnati this week buying new winter goods.

Miss Ola Gentry stopped over in Berea for a few days while on her way to Richmond Normal.

Mr. and Mrs. John Welch and Miss Hilda Welch, who have been in New York City for a few days returned to Berea recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis VanWinkle returned home Friday from Vanceburg.

**Wanted:** a girl for general house work. Steady job. ad. 12. G. V. Fowler, Berea, Ky.

Don't forget Fish's Millinery Opening. Ad-13.

Mrs. D. R. Botkin of Hazard is spending several days at her Berea home.

Miss Hazel Baufle who has been seriously ill at her home on West Chestnut street is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Van Winkle returned home Monday from Cincinnati where they visited a few days with relatives.

Hudson Mullins and Burley Winton visited in Richmond the first of the week.

Harold Van Winkle arrived in Berea this week for a visit with relatives.

Revival meetings began at the Baptist Church Monday evening with a large audience. The Rev. Mr. Martin is conducting the services.

Millinery Opening, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29-30. Ad-13.

Roy Flynn, a well known Berea student, is gaining popularity as a truck gardener in Clark County. He has captured quite a number of blue ribbons this season. Mr. Flynn has introduced a new Irish potato, which he calls, "Irish Beauty." It took the blue ribbon, along with other ribbons, at the State Fair the past week.

Miss Caroline Gilmer of Castlewood, Va., arrived in Berea Monday and will enter the Academy Department. Miss Gilmer was a Berea student year before last.

**FOR SALE**

Neat four-room dwelling, well located ..... \$1,000  
Six-room house, large lot ..... 1,500  
Nice suburban home good neighbors ..... 2,000  
Six rooms, basement, desirably located ..... 2,100  
Two-story, seven-rooms, and basement ..... 2,250  
One of the nicest homes in East End ..... 2,700  
Attractive, modern, and well located bungalow ..... 3,250  
And many others

**DEAN & STAFFORD**  
Office in Berea Bank and Trust Company Building

Berea

Kentucky

**SUNDAY SCHOOL CLASS VISITS  
BOONESBORO**

On Friday, September 1, Mr. Fielder and his class of boys started for Boonesboro on a three days camping trip.

The company consisted of the following boys: Fred Harwood, Roy Hatfield, Thomas Robertson, Joey Reece, Pal Lewis, Ned Bowman, Howard Smith and Lester Tuttle.

We left Berea at 3:45 a.m., taking breakfast in Richmond after a walk over the town. We left Richmond at 6:30 for Ford arriving there about 7:00 o'clock. Mr. Fielder secured an auto to take our tent and provisions over to Boonesboro while we boys footed it about a mile and a half. Then Mr. Fielder got a boat to cross the river taking two of the boys with him while the rest of us went in swimming. He soon came back reporting a good place for camping had been found. The boat was loaded with our things and the rest of us taken across, the tent pitched and after another good swim we had dinner. The afternoon was spent exploring and swimming. After supper we spread our blankets but before we were asleep it rained hard.

Saturday morning we made a furnace and had a good breakfast. Mr. Fielder got us a boat and we spent the morning rowing and swimming. In the afternoon we made sand houses and had our pictures taken while playing in the sand.

Sunday morning after breakfast Mr. Fielder said we were going to have company. Two chickens were being prepared when an auto was seen coming up the road. One of the boys was sent over to meet them and bring them across in the boat. After a good dinner and a pleasant time together we got our visitors to take our baggage to the depot where we boarded the train for Richmond and Berea.

After thanking Mr. Fielder for taking us, and hoping we may go again some time we parted.

**SCARCITY OF WATER**

All users of the college water are warned to be careful and saving.

The College has been to much expense the past summer in attaching new springs to its system, but there are more students than ever before this fall and the season is a dry one. Unless we are careful we may have to have the water cut off before the end of October. A word to the wise is sufficient.

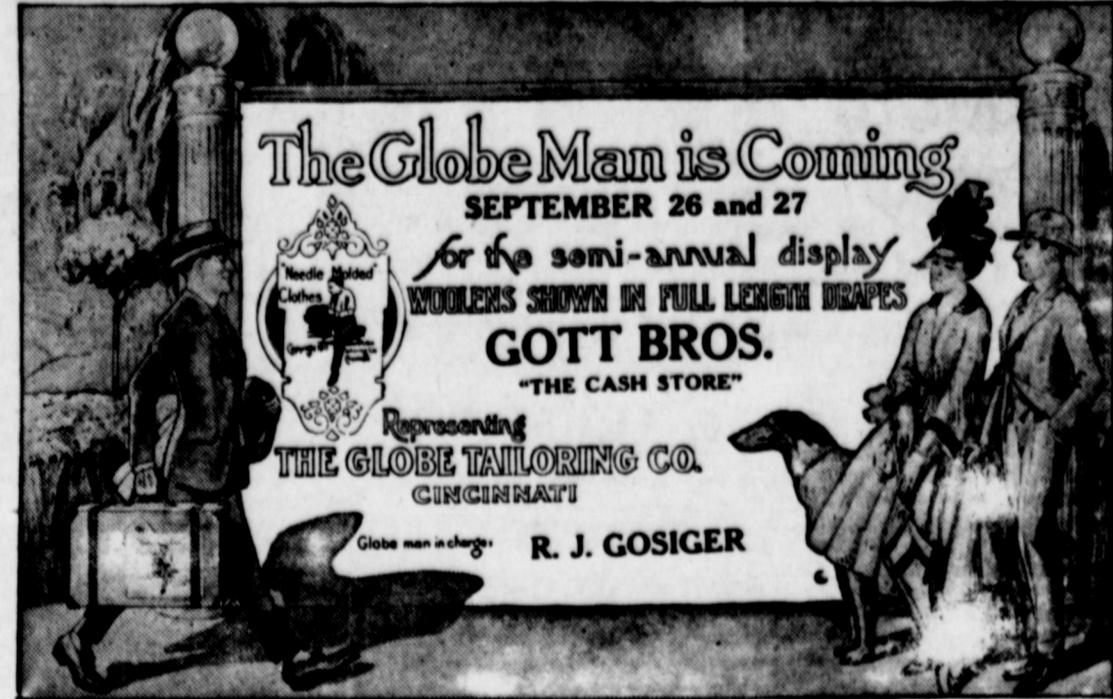
**"BEREA BEAUTIFUL CONTEST"**

**Prizes To Be Given At The Big Town Picnic In October—Age Limit Seventeen Years.**

(White and Colored)

1. Best home vegetable garden. First Prize—\$3.00; Second Prize—\$2.00; Third Prize—\$1.00.
2. Best display of climbing vines grown this year, \$1.00.
3. Best flower bed grown entirely from seeds, \$1.00.
4. Best porch decorations, boxes and permanent vines, \$1.00.
5. Biggest pumpkin, \$1.00. Next biggest, 50c.
6. Best peck of potatoes, \$1.00.
7. Best peck of tomatoes, \$1.00.
8. Heaviest sunflower head. First Prize—\$1.00.
9. Second Prize—50c.
10. Best display of castor beans. First Prize—\$1.00.
11. Second Prize—50c.
12. Best back-yard floral display. No age limit. Porch swing.
13. Best white-washed out-buildings, any part of town. No age limit.
14. First Prize—\$2.00; Second Prize—\$1.00; Third Prize—50c.
15. Best front yard, \$2.00.
16. Best looking pile of wood, cut stove length for winter, at least one cord.
17. First Prize—\$2.00; Second Prize—\$1.00.
18. Best pair of darned stockings. First Prize—\$1.00.
19. Best darned garment. First Prize—\$1.00.
20. Second Prize—Silver thimble.
21. Best patched garment. First Prize—\$1.00.
22. Second Prize—Silver thimble.
23. Best home-made loaf of bread. First Prize—\$1.00.
24. Second Prize—50c.
25. Best layer cake. First Prize—\$1.00.
26. Second Prize—Set of cake tins.
27. Best hand made rag rug, oblong or round.
28. First Prize—Book: "Pollyanna."
29. Second Prize—Book: "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm."
30. Best laundered starched white dress.
31. First Prize—\$1.00.
32. Second Prize—50c.
33. Best hand-made corset cover. First Prize—50c.
34. Second Prize—25c.

In a galloping curve and with one cat-like leap, incredibly light for a man of his chunky build, was down from the seat and crashing through the bushes

**Berea College Calendar**

**September**

22. Friday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Conferences.
23. Saturday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. United Chapel. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Free Vesper Hour. 7:30-9:30 p.m. Anniversary of Phi Delta Literary Society.
24. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.
25. Monday: Free Day.
26. Tuesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels. 7:00-8:00 p.m. Harmonia, Choral Classes.
27. Wednesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels. 3:50-5:30 p.m. Cabinet. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Vesper Socials, Calls, Vesper Exhibitions.
28. Thursday: 9:30-10:30 a.m. Lectures; Upper Chapel, Whitehouse; Main Chapel, Hackett.
29. Friday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Conferences.
30. Saturday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. United Chapel. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Free Vesper Hour. 7:30-9:30 p.m. Literary Societies.
31. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.

**October**

1. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.
2. Monday: Free Day.
3. Tuesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
4. Wednesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
5. Thursday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Lectures; Upper Chapel, Whitehouse; Main Chapel, Hackett.
6. Friday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Conferences.
7. Saturday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. United Chapel. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Free Vesper Hour. 7:30-9:30 p.m. Literary Societies.
8. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.
9. Monday: Free Day.
10. Tuesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
11. Wednesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
12. Thursday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Lectures; Upper Chapel, Whitehouse; Main Chapel, Hackett.
13. Friday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Conferences.
14. Saturday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. United Chapel. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Free Vesper Hour. 7:30-9:30 p.m. Literary Societies.
15. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.
16. Monday: Free Day.
17. Tuesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
18. Wednesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
19. Thursday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Lectures; Upper Chapel, Whitehouse; Main Chapel, Hackett.
20. Friday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Conferences.
21. Saturday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. United Chapel. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Free Vesper Hour. 7:30-9:30 p.m. Literary Societies.
22. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.
23. Monday: Free Day.
24. Tuesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
25. Wednesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.
26. Thursday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Lectures; Upper Chapel, Whitehouse; Main Chapel, Hackett.
27. Friday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Conferences.
28. Saturday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. United Chapel. 6:30-7:30 p.m. Free Vesper Hour. 7:30-9:30 p.m. Literary Societies.
29. Sunday: 9:45-10:45 a.m. College Sunday School.
30. Monday: Free Day.
31. Tuesday: 9:30-9:50 a.m. Department Chapels.

**Millinery  
Opening**

Friday and Saturday  
Sept. 29 and 30

**Fish's**

**MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.**

Our Catalogues are complete. We can furnish you any design that is now in print; also we can get up original designs to meet your ideas.

A call on us will convince you that we are more reasonable in prices than concerns that employ agents on commission.

**"The Quality Shop"**

Jno. Harwood, Mgr.

Ky.

**STONE'S CAKE IS THE PICNIC CAKE**

**10c SIX VARIETIES 10c**

**Picnic time is here! For your lunch basket it's the ideal cake—just the right size for packing in your basket and they carry without breaking.**

**Where individual cakes are desired, cut up Stone's Cake into small cubes and ice.**

**We recommend Stone's Cakes for Picnics**

**Joe W. Stephens**

Meat Market and Grocery

Berea

Kentucky



**"Learn to rely upon your capabilities for results."**

Your capabilities can be increased by having money deposited in an Interest Account in this Bank. Ready money makes you capable of substantial advancement in life. Money deposited in an Interest Account in this Bank is working day and night.

**BEREA BANK & TRUST CO.**

Main Street, Berea, Kentucky

**CHOICE FARM FOR SALE**

111 Acres on Dixie Highway just outside of Berea, joining the Kinnard and Silas Moore places.

One Third Cash, balance one, two and three years with interest. If interested address owner.

**L. G. CLARK, West Point Miss. or J. W. HERNDON, Agent, Berea, Kentucky**

**The Citizen**

A family newspaper for all that is right, true and interesting.

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky.

**BEREA PUBLISHING CO.**

(Incorporated)  
WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief  
C. H. WERTHEIMER, Managing Editor  
F. O. BOWMAN, Assistant Manager

**Subscription Rates**

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

One Year \$1.00  
Six Months 50  
Three Months 35

Send money by Post-office or Express Money Order. Draft, Registered Letter, or one and two cent stamp.

The date after your name on label shows to what date your subscription is paid. If it is not changed within three weeks after renewal notify us.

Missing numbers will be gladly supplied if we are notified.

Liberal terms given to any who obtain new subscriptions for us. Any one sending us four yearly subscriptions can receive The Citizen free for himself for one year.

Advertising rates on application.



KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION

No Whiskey Advertisements!  
No Immodest News Items!

**LETTER FROM THE BORDER**

**2nd Kentucky Band**  
Fort Bliss,  
El Paso, Texas.

September 6, 1916.

Dear Folks:

Well, we arrived here day before yesterday at 10:30 a.m. and have been very busy ever since, getting camp in shape, tents pitched, streets leveled, kitchen built, etc. I havn't had a minute's rest thru the day since we arrived. I think it is harder to oversee the work than it is to do it. But everything is in fine shape. I wish you all could visit me here. Our trip was wonderful. We touched Ohio, and traveled thru Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, and clear across the State of Texas. It took six days and a half to make the trip, traveling day and night.

I don't know what to say about this country, whether I like it or not. Of course I wouldn't miss the chance of seeing this part of the world for anything, but I'll tell you there are many hardships to endure. I don't think there is a thermometer made that will record the temperature here. The sunbeats down on us all day and not a single tree in

The city is divided by two rivers into a residential, a business and a wholesale section. The latter, the nearest to the shipping is rapidly being transformed, broad avenues with center parking being driven thru, old buildings being demolished and modern structures going up. The city is now a large port, but it will become far more important when these improvements are completed.

The weather is like May or June in Berea—certainly delightful and they say it is like this a great part of the year. The nearness to the sea gives splendid breezes. I expect December and January will be somewhat hotter. Nearly all of last week we spent in the Custom House, getting our goods thru much quicker than I expected, the duties were no lighter. The federal government derives much of its revenue from incoming goods, while the several states tax the exports.

After several days search, we secured a good house about twenty minutes car ride from down town,

Here I am back at my old stand

**"Good Things to Eat"**

I am glad to announce to my friends and former customers that I have bought out Gaines and Higgs.

Come in and see me and I will treat you right

**A. B. CORNETT**

Phone 92

Berea, Kentucky

Day Telephone 270

Residence Telephone 65

**RICHMOND HEATING & PLUMBING CO.**

CLAY BUILDING, WEST MAIN STREET

Buynon's Domestic Supply Plants, Gas and Gasoline Engines, Sewer Pipe and Mill Supplies.

RICHMOND

KENTUCKY

**SMART PEOPLE BUY DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS**

FROM

**OWEN McKEE**

THERE IS A REASON

RICHMOND

KENTUCKY

an eight-room house with a large back yard containing mangoes, bread fruit and bananas, with room to raise sweet potatoes, corn, etc. The houses are all built of soft brick, plastered outside and in, with the upstairs unsealed but open to the roof, giving a splendid air circulation.

Last Sunday we attended the Baptist Church, some 500 being present. The Baptists have four ordained men and their wives, with five churches and other preaching places, all largely for the more ignorant and poorer people. Then there is a splendid Presbyterian church with a local pastor, a Congregational church with a Scotch pastor, and the Presbyterian girls' school with two American teachers and some sixty girls, ten of whom are boarding students.

The Y. M. C. A. has its own lot with a temporary building on a portion of it, on a beautiful street, which is becoming the boulevard of the city. On either side of the Association are the International Club, Normal School, the State Senate, and farther up the street, the High School and House of Deputies. Prospects seem bright for our work.

The Secretary of State is at the head of one of our clubs, a city judge is chairman of the Educational Committee, and others of equal distinction interested in the work. It seems to be the only institution ministering to the needs of the students and educated classes.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,  
Marguerite and Waldo Davison.

**RINGLING BROS. ARE COMING THIS WAY**

**World's Biggest Circus and Spectacle "Cinderella" Announced for Early Date**

Announcement is made that on Friday, October 6, Ringling Bros. circus will give afternoon performance at Richmond.

The famous showmen are this season presenting an all new and wonderful program. The tremendous fairyland spectacle, "Cinderella," will appeal to both young and old. More than 1000 persons take part in it. It is easily the biggest spectacle Ringling Bros. have ever staged and its glorious "Ballet of the Fairies," with 300 dancing girls, is in itself worth going many miles to see. Following "Cinderella" 400 acrobatic artists appear in the main tent program. Because of the great European war the Ringlings have secured scores of circus performers never before seen in America. An entire trained animal show has been made a part of the main tent program this season. The menagerie now numbers 1000 wild animals. The elephants, including "Big Bingo," the earth's largest pachyderm, have been increased to 41 and almost 800 horses are carried. There will be 60 clowns and a big free three-mile street parade show day morning.

**CHILDREN OF THE MOUNTAINS**

(Continued From Page One)

the mountains demands enlargement, and, on account of the limited facilities, the work is hindered. Many thousands are turned away each year.

In one of the mountain colleges the teachers have each had \$14.00 a month for their services this year. The work has had to be built on just such sacrifices and no one on the force feels like a martyr, or considers he has done anything out of the ordinary. Should not our care for men, women and children take precedence of plants and animals? More especially the children, for so soon will they be men and women, living in ignorance unless we lend a helping hand.

We find among them some of the brightest promises of the future; their earnestness is a reproach to many fortunate youths.

Those who have had a chance for an education are making brighter and better homes, and doing much good for the uplift of society.

The church, the home and press are mighty powers for good, but these have their limitations, the one greater institution in which all men will share alike is the school. Here the foundations are laid that will help them stand the storm and

**Berea National Bank**

Report of the condition of the Berea National Bank at Berea in the state of Kentucky, at the close of business on Sept. 12, 1916.

**RESOURCES**

Loans and discounts (notes held in bank) .....	\$171,648.22
Overdrafts unsecured .....	26.88
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) .....	25,000.00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank .....	1,500
Bankings house, \$3,500; furniture and fixtures, \$1,000 .....	4,500.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank .....	5,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis .....	1,220.20
Due from approved reserve agents in other cities .....	30,177.34
Other checks on banks in the same city as reporting Bank .....	232.61
Outside checks and other cash items .....	13.00
Fractional currency, nickels, and cents .....	545.24
Notes of other national banks .....	1,410.00
Federal Reserve notes .....	35.00
Coin and certificates .....	10,041.95
Legal-tender notes .....	60.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer .....	1,250.00
Total .....	\$251,441.24

**LIABILITIES**

Capital stock paid in .....	\$25,000.00
Surplus fund .....	25,000.00
Undivided profits .....	\$9,497.26
Less current expenses, interest, taxes paid .....	7,386.52
Circulating notes outstanding .....	25,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check .....	84,284.83
Cashier's checks outstanding .....	55.48
Other time deposits .....	84,714.41
Total .....	\$251,441.24

State of Kentucky, County of Madison, ss:  
I, J. L. Gay, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. Gay, Cashier  
Correct—Attest: Wright Kelly, J. J. Branaman, John W. Welch.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of Sept., 1916.

W. B. Walden, Notary Public.

My commission expires January, 29, 1920.



**What would he give for the coffee you serve?**

Like a million other women, you can serve coffee that he would give most anything to have—coffee which starts the day "right" for all.

Everyone loves the rich flavor of Arbuckles' Coffee. Of all the coffees in America, today, it is by far the most popular!

One woman says, "My husband used to swallow his coffee and

hurry off. Now we have Arbuckles' and you'd think it was Sunday the way he lingers over his breakfast."

Serve it in your home—see how the little early morning wrinkles disappear.

Until you try Arbuckles' you will never know what a difference good coffee can make in your home.

A "nickles" Coffee is untouched by human hands. It is weighed, and sealed by machines,—machines which Arbuckle Bros. originated and which experts say are the most efficient in the world.

**MAMMOTH CAVE**

\$12.15 for an all-expense three days tour from Berea, September 27

Personally conducted by the Excursion Agent L. & N. R. R.

Round trip tickets \$5.65. Board at the Cave Hotel, including the several routes in the cave for \$6.50. Tickets on sale for morning trains. Phone L. & N. Agent.

## Mountain Agriculture

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

### THE STATE FAIR

The State Fair at Louisville was worth more to the farmer this year than for the past two years. There were more pure bred stock of all kinds, cattle, horses, sheep, hogs and poultry. The machinery exhibit was good. The most up-to-date machinery for home, garden, and farm was exhibited. The home, garden and farm products were good. I never saw a finer exhibit at State Fair from homes and gardens. The farm products were short this year. The heaviest pumpkin only weighed sixty-four pounds, cabbage 9½ pounds. Last year at our Berea Corn Show and Fair we had pumpkins weighing from 60 to 84 pounds, cabbage from 8 to 16 pounds.

Everything was so neatly arranged that all the exhibits showed attention and much care.

Our State Fair should be better attended by our farmers and agricultural people. This year from Berea we had seven at the Fair—P. B. Johnson, Frick Herndon and Lona Fish, all Pig Club boys, attended the Fair. P. B. Johnson got to go by winning out in Pig Club. Frick and Lona went because they were interested in the club and agricultural work.

Simon Muncey of Berea won first on the milk he sent over. There were lots of contestants but Muncey came out winner.

This fall we are all going to have a chance to attend a Big Fair at Berea. Date, last of October or first days of November will be published later.

Next year I would like to have some of my friends in this section of the country to take some of their home, garden and farm products to State Fair. Jackson County, Madison County and Rockcastle County had quite a nice exhibit of canned goods. This work is under the supervision of the lady County Agents.

**Berea Corn Show and Fair.** The greatest event of 1916 is coming off this fall. The date will be set later; it will likely be November 3 and 4. This show will be the best we have ever had at Berea. All home, garden, and farm products will be exhibited. The articles of the home must be made in 1916.

The list of prizes will be printed later. All exhibits should be selected and gotten ready for the Show and Fair beforehand.

I am very anxious for our farmers to exhibit ten ears of corn this fall. We have a good corn crop this year, and I am anxious to put on exhibit our products. There will be pigs, sheep and cattle on exhibit. Everybody should take part in our local Fair. Everybody should get interested in this great big movement in our section of the country.

### FARMERS CHAUTAUQUA

Next week, September 26, 27, and 28, there will be a Farmers Chautauqua at Brodhead, Rockcastle County. All farmers in and around Brodhead should take advantage of the great meeting of three days. Women are asked to be present and hear the lady speakers. This will be the last Farmers Chautauqua in Rockcastle this year. Most all the speakers are sent out from the Extension Department of State University, Lexington.

### THE KENTUCKY PURE SEED LAW

Go into Effect Sept. 23, 1916. Means Much to Seed Industry in the State.

The new pure seed law, enacted at the last session of the General Assembly, and approved by the Governor March 23, 1916, becomes operative this month. It is a matter of common understanding that our most needed legislation is, almost invariably, attained at a cost of years of persistent patient effort. The course of the new law, from its inception to its enactment, has been in close conformity with this rule.

The interests of both the farmer and the seedsman are comprehended by the new law. Its intention is to afford the farmer ample protection against contaminated and worthless seeds and at the same time to protect and encourage those parties engaged in the production and marketing of high grade farm seeds. The reputation and adaptation of Kentucky for the seeds of blue grass, sweet clover, hemp and white burley tobacco is already recognized and the operation of the pure law is expected to establish our seed-producing industry on a still more secure basis.

Under the provisions of the new law seedsmen are permitted to test their own seeds and to use the results of these tests upon their tags. But all tests must be made according to the rules and regulations

adopted and employed by the Association of Official Seed Analysts of North America.

Our Kentucky farmers and seedsmen may submit samples to the Experiment Station for testing, which will be done free. Because of the congestion of work in the Station laboratories, however, the larger seed concerns are advised to provide for their own testing.

Circular No. 5 of the Department of Entomology and Botany carries a short discussion of the new law, together with an exposition of approved methods of sampling, testing and labeling seeds. Those interested in the production and sale of farm seeds may obtain the circular upon application.

### COMMUNITY CLUBS

Can any good thing come from a neighborhood club? This question, whether merely thought or spoken, has probably cheated many a rural community out of its rightful enjoyments and profits.

Years ago it was the common, in fact the usual, thing for a well-to-do neighborhood to have a club which met every other week at the home of some member, where an evening of social enjoyment and helpful discussion was indulged in. It's hard to say why this custom in recent years has become less general.

A wise man has said, "Get acquainted with your neighbor, you might like him."

The old custom at these socials was to have a short program, dealing with community affairs, humorous paper, usually cracking jokes on different neighbors and, in general, a getting-together on all neighborhood matters. Old and young enjoyed the evening to the utmost. The next meeting was announced to be held at the home of another neighbor.

It is not to be assumed that these meetings were perfect—in fact they should in this generation be made much more profitable, considering our advantages.

While cities have slums where conditions are bad mainly on account of overcrowding, it is sadly true that we have rural slums where mental and social stagnation and other bad conditions exist, mainly on account of isolation.

Through the agency of community clubs social enjoyment is only one of the multitude of benefits to be derived. The prospective purchaser of a farm often avoids a certain district simply for the fact that the schools, churches, roads and social conditions are such that he is unwilling to subject his family to the living conditions prevailing, and the fact is, we can't blame him. The result is economic as well as social stagnation.

The College of Agriculture will lend help, as far as possible, to such community clubs as request their suggestions. County Agents also will organize and help carry out this work.

### CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn—No. 2 white 87@87½c, No. 3 white 85½@87c, No. 4 white 85½@86½c, No. 4 yellow 86½@87c, No. 3 yellow 86½@86½c, No. 4 yellow 84½@85½c, No. 2 mixed 86½@87c, No. 3 mixed 86½@86½c, No. 4 mixed 84½@85½c, white ear 87@89c, yellow ear 87½@88½c, mixed ear 87@88c.

Hay—Quotations on: No. 1 timothy \$15.50@16.50, No. 2 timothy \$14.50@15.50, No. 3 timothy \$12.50@13.50, No. 1 clover mixed \$14@14.50.

No. 2 clover mixed \$12@12.50, No. 1 clover \$12@12.50, No. 2 clover \$10@10.50.

Oats—No. 2 white 48@48½c, standard white 47@47½c, No. 3 white 46½@47c, No. 4 white 45@46c, No. 2 mixed 46½@47c, No. 3 mixed 45@46c, No. 4 mixed 43½@44½c.

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.52@1.54, No. 3 red \$1.44@1.50, No. 4 red \$1.18@1.35.

Eggs—Prima firs 31c, firsts 29½c, ordinary firs 28½c, seconds 26c.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 1½ lb. and under, 22½c; fryers, over 1½ lb., 20c; fowls, 4½ lbs. and over, 18c; under 4½ lbs., 19c; roosters, 13c; white spring ducks, 2 to 3 lbs., 15c; 3 lbs. and over, 16c; colored, 2 to 3 lbs., 13c; ducks, old, white, 3 lbs. and over, 14c; under 3 lbs., 12c; colored, 12c; hen turkeys, 8 lbs. and over, 23c; old tom turkeys, 10 lbs. and over, 23c; crooked breasted, 10@12c; cull 6@8c.

Cattle—Shipments \$7@8.25; butcher steers, extra \$7.75@8, good to choice \$7@7.65, common to fair \$5.50@6.75; heifers, extra \$6.85@7, good to choice \$6.25@6.75, common to fair \$4.50@5.75; cows, extra \$6@6.50, good to choice \$5.25@5.85, common to fair \$4.25@5, canners \$3.50@4.50, stockers and feeders \$3@6.75.

Bulls—Bologna \$5.75@6.50, fat bulls \$6.60@6.75.

Calves—Extra \$11.75@12, fair to good \$8.75@11.75, common and large \$4.50@10.30.

Hogs—Selected heavy shippers \$11.45@11.50, good to choice packers and butchers \$11.45@11.50, mixed packers \$11.25@11.50, stags \$8@9, common to choice heavy fat sows \$8@10.25, select medium (160 to 180 lbs) \$10.75@11.10, light shippers \$10@10.40, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$5.50@9.

### DAMAGE TO KANSAS WHEAT.

Inspector of Fields Estimates Millions of Dollars of Loss.

Damage to Kansas wheat by the Hessian fly is estimated in millions of dollars by J. W. McCollum, instructor in entomology, Kansas State Agricultural college, who has inspected fields in practically every section of the state. Thousands of acres of wheat will never be harvested.

"Damage is severe in the eastern two-thirds of the state," says Mr. McCollum. "That it is serious is shown by the way it has affected the wheat market."

"Nothing can be done to control the insect at this time, but the farmer should keep in close touch with the situation and immediately after harvest start to put into practice the methods of control that have been found to be practical and effective."

"The stubble should be disked immediately after harvest. This starts the growth of volunteer wheat and tends to bring an early emergence of the fly. It also makes plowing much easier at a later date. Three or four weeks after disking the ground should be plowed at least six inches deep and all volunteer wheat and stubble buried. This will also bury practically all the flies."

The agronomy department has shown that where the ground is prepared in this manner it not only produces maximum yields, but that the crop may be planted with safety later in the season.

The sowing of the crop should be delayed until the fly free date, which the entomology department will furnish any farmer for his particular section of the state. The date of safe sowing in average years is at least as early as the date on which wheat should be sown to make maximum yields. To obtain the best results in controlling the Hessian fly farmers should cooperate in fighting the insects.

That many farmers are successful in preventing serious damage by the Hessian fly is well illustrated in the eastern part of McPherson county and the western part of Marion county this year. In this section the control measures advocated on the "Hessian fly special" conducted by the agricultural college in co-operation with the Santa Fe Railway company in June, 1915, were put into effect by the majority of the farmers.

### PLANTING PEAR TREES.

Good Distance is Fifteen by Thirty Feet.

A good distance for planting standard pear trees is 15 by 30 feet—that is, the rows are thirty feet apart and the trees fifteen feet apart in the rows. The object of this method is to obtain larger crops of fruit from the same ground until the trees become large enough to interfere with each other; then each alternate tree in the row is cut out, leaving the trees in the entire orchard at a distance of thirty feet each way. This system has the advantage of more fully utilizing the land for fruit production until the thinning out becomes necessary. Another plan is to plant the trees twenty feet apart each way. This distance will afford free circulation of air and abundance of sunlight, both of which are essential to well developed and highly colored fruit.

### A Clod Crusher.

It sometimes happens that land gets very lumpy or full of clods, and to get the best results these clods should be mashed or ground up. To do this a homemade clod crusher will be found to do the work in a most satisfactory manner.

The accompanying drawing shows how such a crusher can be made at home with but slight expense. It is made by taking two 2 by 8 pieces eight feet long and spiking 2 by 6 pieces on the ends and also on top. To save a

little expense a sled tongue can be used and will answer just as well as to make one. The 4 by 4 piece is placed between the doats and is held in place by lag screws in each end. This piece should have teeth inserted into its lower side made from five-sixteenths inch round iron and should stick out about two and one-half inches. Holes should be bored into the 4 by 4, slightly smaller than the iron, and should slant backward. A lever can be hoisted to this piece, which by moving front or back will press the teeth more or less into the soil. There could be a seat put on to it, but I prefer to stand up, as by so doing, if any rubbish gets under it, just step forward and it will raise the hind end and let the obstruction out. This machine is also a fine thing to go over a cornfield just before the corn comes up and will kill more weeds than a drag.—Farmer.

### Now the Hogs Do the Work.

Many hogs are fattened now with the aid of self feeders, says the Farm and Fireside. The corn as well as the tankage and oilmeal is placed in a self feeder. The hogs eat at will. In experiments conducted at the Iowa experiment station it was found that the self fed hogs made greater and cheaper gains than the man fed hogs. This shows that the hog will eat the proper amount and kinds of feed for its best growth and fattening if given the opportunity.

## HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Julia H. Nichol, Director of Home Science

### WHAT WE WANT TO DO FOR YOU

This is our first article since school opened this fall and we wish to extend greetings to all who may read our column from time to time.

We have enrolled seventy students in our department and the majority of these girls are at home in the beautiful new rooms of Kentucky Hall. We have rooms for several more. If your daughter or sister is not in Berea College, send her and let her take Home Science.

In addition to the splendid opportunities offered for the study of Home Science, cooking, dressmaking, millinery, nursing, stenography, and typewriting, these girls live in beautiful Kentucky Hall.

Reread the article, "New Occupations for College Girls," printed in the Home Department of The Citizen September 14, 1916. From it you will see that the girl who is capable may earn \$60.00 a month or even as much as \$160.00 and her expenses, if she is well qualified.

However, we are not giving our courses with the one idea, "money-making," as the basis of our work. We want to prepare the girls of Kentucky, and any others who come to us for home-makers. The great need of efficient housewives is felt

in all parts of the country. It is the belief of many educated people that there would be fewer divorces if our girls were educated in Home Science. The girls who study nothing but the classical subjects are not capable to run a home successfully. Work for Home Science education along with the classical studies and help to abolish unhappy homes, and divorces too.

Our aim is to train girls in Home Science so that they will be able to take charge of their own homes and do their work well when the time comes. Girls who are trained will not feel that housework is drudgery. It has been said, and very truthfully too, that "Housework without brains is drudgery."

We want you (any one who reads this paper) to help us in our work by sending students to us, and by talking to your friends about us.

If the women who read The Citizen have any questions about canning, pickling, removing of stains, labor-saving devices, or recipes or anything else, which is connected with their housework, we will be glad to help you if you will send us your questions. We may not be able to answer everything in the next issue of the paper, but we promise to do our best.

WHY WE SHOULD AVOID MOISTENING STAMPS AND ENVELOPES WITH THE TONGUE.—Sometimes, if we think of it, we use a little sponge to moisten the back of the postage stamp or the gummed flap of the envelope, but more often we touch it with the tongue. If we would always bear in mind the fact that the glue used on the stamps and envelopes is made from refuse products, which consist mainly of bones and hoofs of animals that may have been diseased, we would think twice before touching it with the tongue. The stamps and envelopes themselves are made from rags and in the process of their transformation into paper are handled by all sorts of people.

ECONOMICAL BUYING.

How to buy effectively is the housewife's most important need in her problem of high cost of living. Following are some suggestions for buying:

- If you do not can your own vegetables and fruits buy in dozen cans of each of the staples such as corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, etc., not too many.
- Dry groceries—one dozen or half a dozen packages of corn-starch, gelatin, tapioca, macaroni, raisins, currants, rice, etc.
- Buy sugar, flour and apples by the bag or barrel.
- Buy soap by the box, cleaning powders by the dozen packages.
- Starch, baking, stove blacking, etc., may be purchased in large quantities and at a great saving of money thereby.

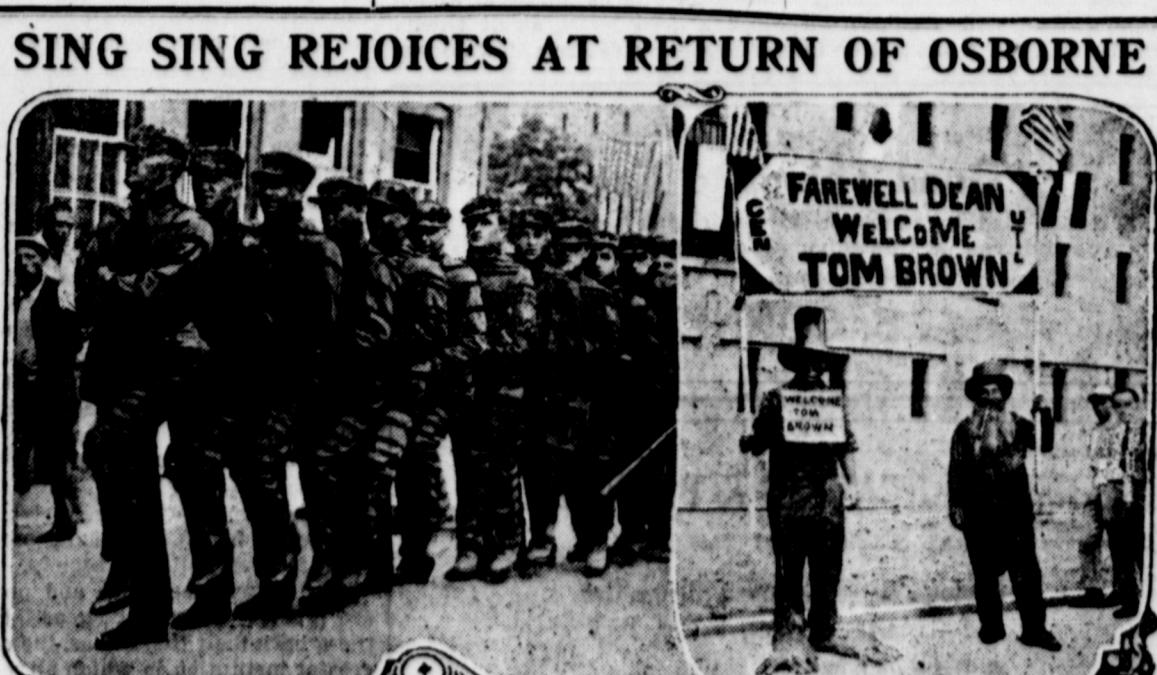
Just Couldn't Do It.



Nothing Doing.



## SING SING REJOICES AT RETURN OF OSBORNE



Photos by American Press Association.

After being cleared of various charges Thomas Mott Osborne was reinstated as warden of Sing Sing, where he will continue his reforms. The prisoners celebrated his return. Some were striped suits and walked in lock step, both of which had been abolished in the prison. Others appeared in freakish costumes made by themselves. Osborne is nicknamed Tom Brown by the prisoners. He investigated the prison once under that name.

Berea has the best short course in Mountain Agriculture

# INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)  
(Copyright, 1916, Western Newspaper Union.)

## LESSON FOR SEPTEMBER 24

### REVIEW.

READING LESSON—II Cor. 4:1-5. GOLDEN TEXT—We look not at the things which are seen, but at the things which are not seen; for the things which are seen are temporal, but the things which are not seen are eternal—II Cor. 4:18.

A map is essential to an understanding of Paul's labors and adventures—especially a present-day map, with its modern names of the places which he visited. It should be used in teaching this lesson, and New Testament history generally.

It will cause the lessons to relate themselves more closely to the world as we now know it. During the past quarter they have extended over a period of about seven years, from approximately A. D. 50 to 57, and are all centered about the life and teaching of Paul. It is difficult to attempt a logical review. A number of lessons have been introduced from the letters of Paul, which are not chronological in the development of the church. It might be well, perhaps, to consider first the leading events in the life of Paul, and second the prominent characteristics of Paul's life as we have had them presented to us, and also to consider six of the cities in which Paul founded churches in Europe, studying their modern names and conditions and looking into the difficulties and dangers which he encountered.

In Lesson One we have the record of Paul's untiring activity, and his persistent use of the Scriptures. Every one of his sermons was confirmed by the Word of God. Lesson Two presents his interest in those who were converted in his ministry; also a suggestion as to his unceasing prayerfulness on their behalf. Lesson Three presents his tact and wisdom in preaching the Risen Christ, and his emphasis upon the need of repentance.

Lesson Four gives a suggestion of his untiring activity in the midst of great discouragement and in the fact of bitter opposition. Lesson Five reveals his persistent determination to know and to preach nothing save Jesus Christ and him crucified. Lesson Six is Paul's panegyric on love as the supreme gift. Lesson Seven is an exposition of the duty and blessedness of cheerful giving. In it is given a new beatitude of Jesus, "It is more blessed to give than to receive," which is nowhere else recorded. Lesson Eight, another suggestion as to his courage. Lesson Nine emphasizes humility, compassionate love and a fearless declaration of the whole counsel of God. Lesson Ten presents his forgetfulness of himself and his eagerness to preach Christ even when threatened by an unrestrained mob.

Lesson Twelve again presents his forgetfulness of himself, and his eager seizing of every possible opportunity to preach the Lord Jesus.

Turning to the cities that Paul visited, we first encounter Philippi (now in ruins). This is the first city in Europe where there was a Christian church, and it was one which Paul especially loved. Though he was driven from it by a mob, and escaped by means of an angel, yet his letter to that church is a revelation of his feeling toward his first European congregation.

Thessalonica, the modern Saloniki in Macedonia, formerly belonged to the Turkish empire in Europe. Here Paul founded a church, consisting of Jews and Greeks. Paul is accused of turning the world upside down, and teaching Jesus to be the Christian's king. For this he was accused of treason against Rome. Two epistles were written to the church in which he does not record any fault-finding. This church has been called the "Church Beautiful." Athens was then, as now, the chief city of Greece, and one of the three most renowned cities in the history of the world. Paul's famous address on Mars hill was treated with great indifference.

His stay was short, and never afterwards do we find him showing forth his learning, but ever after he expresses his determination to know nothing save "Jesus Christ and him crucified." (I Cor. 2:1, 2.) Corinth was a great commercial city. At present the original site is in ruins, but the new Corinth has been built three miles away, and is today a city of approximately 15,000 population. Paul spent a year and a half here, preaching and teaching, and supplemented this with a period of three months of service. It was a worldly and wicked city, and yet Paul here founded his largest church, converted from heathenism.

During this time we have the story of the burning of the books of magic, of the silver shrine of Diana, and of the Ephesian riot which compelled Paul to leave the city.

Paul afterwards revisited the churches he had founded in Europe and about 62 A. D. wrote a letter to the Ephesian churches, some six years after he left them, and while he was a prisoner in Rome.

The journey to Jerusalem, starting from Philippi (now in ruins) where Luke joined Paul with the Gentile church's collection for the poor, is the concluding portion of our lesson.

## FOR YOUNG FOLKS

A Sleepy Time Story About Some Very Clever Squirrels.

### WHAT HAPPENED IN A GROVE.

Amusing Adventures of a Pair of Intelligent Collie Dogs—Many Things of Interest and Information For Little People—Strange Story of a Waif.

Well, kiddies, said Uncle Ben to Polly Ann and little Ned, I am going to tell you an amusing story about

#### DOGS AND SQUIRRELS.

Laddie and Brownie are adventurous collie dogs. They live in the Kansas city of Kansas City, and their play yard is a grove of trees. Every morning they fare forth to this miniature forest, and woe betide the squirrel that loitered too long upon the ground.

With a furious barking and "woofing" and snorting, Laddie and Brownie rush back and forth among the trees, seeking whom they may devour or at least to have fun with the little wood folks.

At first the squirrels were greatly disturbed by the terrible antics of Laddie and Brownie. In the midst of nut gathering they could not spare time to scramble clear to the tops of trees every time the two dogs came along.

One day the dogs frightened a squirrel that had just found a nut. With the nut in his mouth Chatterer rushed up a tree and clung to one of the lower branches. Laddie and Brownie stood beneath and barked. In his rage Chatterer opened his mouth to hurl invectives at the dogs and the nut fell out of his mouth.

It landed right on top of Laddie's head. In the display of temper that followed, Laddie seized the nut between his teeth, crunched his jaws down and cracked it.

So that's the game they play. The squirrels often drop nuts and the dogs in furious rage crush the hard shells with their teeth. Both seem to enjoy it, and it saves the squirrels a lot of work.

#### A Fern That Walks.

The walking fern is a native of the United States. It is found in certain localities of the eastern states and westward to Kansas, usually growing on moss covered rocks, or near the bases of cliffs. The fronds, when fully developed, are from six to twelve or fifteen inches long, their tips reaching down into the moss or crevices of the rocks, where they develop young plants of two or three tiny fronds. At a later stage a mass of fine rootlets forms and holds the little rosettes in position. After several months the long frond to which the little plant is attached becomes withered, and the young fern sends out fronds which produce new plants. It is said that in a few years a single plant under favorable conditions will develop into a whole colony.

#### Conundrums.

What is the difference between a watchmaker and a jailer? One sells watches; the other watches cells. Where are two heads better than one? In a barrel.

#### A Lucky Little Boy.

The little boy in the picture is Finley J. Shepard, Jr., and the lady is his mother by adoption, Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, formerly Miss Helen Miller Gould. This little boy was an un-



Photo by American Press Association.  
MRS. E. J. SHEPARD AND HER ADOPTED SON.

known waif, picked up on the streets of New York and later adopted by Mrs. Shepard. The photograph is the latest of the lad and was taken only a few days ago.

## OUR BORDER NURSE

One Society Woman Has Offered Her Services.

### HAD EUROPEAN EXPERIENCE.

After Watching a Corner of the Battle of the Aisne and Serving in Serbia, Mrs. French Has Applied For Permission to Go to the Border Here In Her Own Country.

Mrs. Seth Barton French, prominent in New York and Newport society, who has just returned to her home after completing part of a 7,000 mile tour on



Photo by American Press Association.  
MRS. SETH BARTON FRENCH.

which she started in behalf of the allied hospital work and Servian relief fund, has applied to Secretary of War Baker for permission to go to the Mexican border for the organization of hospitals there. Mrs. French was among the first women who offered their services as nurses in the European war. She took up relief work in Serbia, to which country her father, Walker French, was at one time United States minister.

Mrs. French had charge of one of the American hospitals in France and stood alone on the banks of the Aisne with shells bursting about her, watching an artillery duel between the British and Germans. She says:

"It was my good fortune to drive several staff officers to the lines in my car. As a result I saw a small slice of the battle of the Aisne. I could see shells bursting in the air, and suddenly the whole scene of the artillery duel spread before me from the high plateau on which I was standing. It was so exciting that the thought never occurred to me that I was in danger, and even when shrapnel burst a few hundred feet away I was so engrossed with the spectacle that my own person seemed wholly unimportant. Afterward I learned that the Germans could easily have hit me if they had wanted to."

### FOR A CHILDREN'S PARTY.

Hints to Help Mother and Also Please the Youngsters.

Be sure to have an abundant supply of wholesome, attractive drinks. Children are always thirsty after romping about.

Chop all the fruits you use for the cakes, even the currants. In this way they don't upset the little "tummies."

Do not use caraway seeds or much candied peel. Most children do not like them.

A supply of small individual sponge cakes, iced with chocolate and made in attractive shapes, are sure to be popular and are quite wholesome.

Keep the menu very plain, but decorate lavishly and gayly. Food that looks pretty and party-like will delight the little people, while the simple, wholesome fare that leaves no after effects will make the mothers say up and call you blessed.

Very thin sandwiches filled with simple fillings and free from condiments will be much appreciated, especially if cut in fancy shapes and garnished prettily.

Let the party begin early and break up early. Put the time clearly in the invitations. If the tots are kept up much after their usual bedtime it means frazzled nerves with subsequent squabbles and tears to spoil the joy of the evening.

Fruit pastes, homemade fudge, plain taffies are the best candies, and an old fashioned candy pulling adds considerably to the pleasure.

In warm weather an out of doors marshmallow roast, corn popping and peanut roast, accompanied with story telling, is an unfailing success.

#### Cucumber Sticks.

Pare some chilled cucumbers and cut them their full length into sticks about as thick as a pencil; serve them on a dish of chopped ice; to be eaten with salt as celery.

## Gems In Verse

### THE OCTOGENARIAN.

WHEN I am eighty-one or two—  
Sing ho, the gleaming holly!  
I think I'll start my life anew  
For I'll be done with folly.  
What's done is done.  
Beshrew all questions weighty!  
Wake up, my heart! 'Tis time for fun  
When one has come to eighty!  
Aye, one may start one's life anew  
At eighty-one or eighty-two!

When life's long voyage has reached its end—  
Sing ho, the peaceful river!  
The distant waves no note will send  
With sunbeams all a-quiver.  
And from my haven snug I'll spy  
No ships and men who will them.  
And with a wavy theme, Nellie, Nellie,  
They'll cheer me when I tell them,  
For I'll have seen all they will see  
When I am eighty-two or three.

And when my sun begins to set—  
Sing ho, for life's December!  
Why, all the sad things I'll forget  
And all the glad remember.  
Since every joyous sight and sound  
Is stored for the hereafter,  
I'll have the children gather round  
To cheer me with their laughter.  
At set of sun we count our store  
At eighty-three or eighty-four.

And in the evening bright and clear—  
Sing ho, the bells are a-ringing!  
I'll sit upon my porch and hear  
The mocking birds a-singing.  
Mock on, you little rascal youth!  
I sang and mocked at twenty,

### AN OCCUPATION OF LEISURE.

MY Uncle Jim, he never had  
A family of his own.  
But when the neighbor's boys are bad  
He makes his views well known.  
He talks of discipline severe  
Or of persuasion's might.  
And tells folks that their children dear  
Are seldom brought up right.

THE mothers look at him and smile  
At his emphatic speech,  
Each minding several kiddies while  
They listen to him teach.  
They say it's very plain to see  
He leads his life alone.  
He'd have less time to talk if he  
Had youngsters of his own.  
—Washington Star.

### THE SPIRIT OF '76.

IT is coming back again,  
And it stirs the souls of men  
Like a bugle call that echoes  
through the night.  
For it lives anew as when,  
In the forest and the glen,  
The farmers rose at Lexington and  
put the foe to flight.

WHO said that it had died  
Knoweth not perhaps he lied.  
For liberty shall live again though  
buried in a grave.  
And the souls of them abide  
Who once battled side by side  
To break the yoke of England or  
give freedom to the slave.

I T is coming back again  
With the might that moved it  
when  
It made a tyrant tremble and ruled  
a people's fate.  
And they who scorn the right,  
Forcing freemen to the fight,  
Shall find the spirit strong again  
that made a nation great.  
—Edward S. Van Zile.

FORGET IT.

I F a friend has been disloyal  
To you in your hour of need.  
Then it is you should be royal  
In your character and deed—  
Just forget it.

If a neighbor has been cruel,  
Casting slander on your name,  
Hold your peace and add no fuel  
By your anger to the flame—  
Just forget it.

If you have been made a fool of  
By some willy nilly maid,  
Or have truckled as a tool of  
Some insidious renegade—  
Just forget it.

If you have been through some disaster,  
Lost a thousand, more or less,  
Do not let misfortune master  
All the powers that you possess—  
Just forget it.

If you have been basely living  
On the desert wastes of sin,  
Know that God is all forgiving  
And a nobler life begin—  
Just forget it.

To suggestions of the devil  
Do not give the slightest heed.  
Answer every act of evil  
With a generous, kindly deed—  
Then forget it.  
—Kansas City Journal.

LOVE'S MUSIC.

LOVE'S music is not set in simple keys  
Of jingling catches and light melodies;  
But rings in deeper, mightier  
chords than these

Through marvelous symphonies it ebbs  
and flows  
In choral storms, with martial power it  
blows  
And chants in solemn oratorios.

Like hymns of victory are its pure chords  
blown  
Or like a bugle's notes that rise alone  
And call, beyond man's thought, to death's  
far zone.

Its strength is more mysterious than the  
tides,  
As, unresisted, through the soul it rides  
Until in memory's quiet haven it bides.  
—Meredith Nicholson.

### RAPTURE.

IN my rime I fabie anguish,  
Feigning that my love is dead,  
Playing at a game of sadness,  
Singing hope forever fled.

TRAILING the slow robes of mourning,  
Grieving with the player's art  
With the languid palms of sorrow  
Folded on a dancing heart.

I MUST mix my love with death dust,  
Lest the draft should make me mad.  
I must make believe at sorrow,  
Lest I perish, overgird.

—William Dean Howells.

### INSANITY.

JACK and Jill went up the hill,  
Like dutiful son and daughter.  
Now Jack has typhoid, Jill is ill—  
They didn't boil the water.

—J. W. Foley.

## SIX DOORS

### FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

#### 1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-earning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN—Agriculture, Carpentry, Bricklaying, Printing, Commerce and Telegraphy.

FOR YOUNG LADIES—Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking, Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

#### 2nd Door—Berea's Foundation School

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rapid progress.

#### 3rd Door—Berea's General Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College, and desire more general education. It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to carry it on by themselves.

#### 4th Door—Berea's Normal School

## East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

### JACKSON COUNTY Doublelick

Fodder pulling is all the go.—Perry McCollum attended the Baptist Association at Bear Wallow, Friday and Saturday.—John Martin and wife visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Hellard at Clover Bottom, Saturday and Sunday.—Mrs. Sarah Hurley and children visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry McCollum Sunday.—George Gatlin attended the State Fair at Louisville last week.—John Madden and wife of Mt. Vernon are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wiley Malicoat.—The Misses Bessie and Rose Lake of Cartersville are visiting their cousins, Misses Stella and Flora Sparks, this week.

### Green Hall

Green Hall, Sept. 11.—Messrs. Ed. Delbert and Gradden Cook were called home last week to see their father who has been very sick.—Big Springs school paid Bethlehem a visit Friday. They entered two contests and played a game of ball. Big Springs boys won in spelling and the result of the figuring contest was a tie.—Mrs. Levi Couch returned home from an extended visit with her children in Pulaski, Laurel and Woodford counties Sunday.—James Bowles had a bean stringing Saturday night.—Married, Saturday, September 9, Walker Flanery to Miss Nettie Scott.—Married, September 6, Hubert Piersons to Miss Elsie Strong. They expect to leave soon for Florida where they will make their home.—Born to the wife of Robert Strong, a son on September 5. His name is Carl Edwards.—Many of our boys and girls are leaving for Richmond and Berea where they expect to attend school.—An apple cutting followed by a social was given the young folks by Mrs. E. E. McCollum, Friday night. Those present were Messrs. Robert Hughes, Wade, Strong, Herbert Wilson, C. D. Brewer, Oscar Morris, Ruben Hughes, Edward Delbert, Graydon and Robert Cook, Misses Pearl and Audrey Strong, Dahlia Hughes, Lucy and Myrtle Evans, Sarah Cook, Lucy, Venerable and Lucy Wilson. All reported a pleasant time.—The pie supper at Big Springs Saturday night was success. The proceeds will go into a library.—Mrs. Fannie Strong, widow of Philip Strong, joined the Primitive Baptist Church at Rock Springs Sunday. She will be baptized Thursday afternoon. Success to the Citizen.

### Carico

Carico, Sept. 18.—There was plenty of frost in this section on the 15th of this month.—W. H. Roberts has returned from Hamilton, Ohio, where he has been at work.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Himes, the 15th inst., a fine boy named Andy.—There was quite a lot of people of this place attended the funeral of Ellis Faulins at the Indian Creek graveyard. The service was conducted by Brothers E. Cornett, Lynch and Cole with a large audience.—Mrs. Orbin Smith was visiting her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Evans, from Friday until Sunday.

### ESTILLE COUNTY Witt

Witt, Sept. 18.—The Rev. Mr. Martin closed a series of meetings at Station Camp, with 14 additions to the church.—The Teacher's Association was held at Wisemantown Saturday, Sept. 16.—Ancil Winkler, who has been to Hamilton, O., for some time, is back visiting friends and home folks.—Misses Mollie and Mathe Broddus, of Panola, were the guests of Mary Winn Saturday and Sunday.—Several from here attended church at Crooked Creek Sunday.

### Locust Branch

Locust Branch, Sept. 16.—The farmers here are still saying hay.—There was a big frost here this morning.—Several from here attended the Association at Bear Wallow Friday and Saturday.—Mrs. Louis Kindred, of Illinois, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mollie Bicknell, at this place.

### GRAY COUNTY Burning Springs

Burning Springs, Sept. 16.—The Rev. Mr. Young has been preaching every afternoon and night of this week at the Methodist Church.—Bill Gibson, of Sidell, and Miss Mary Ellen McDaniel, of this place, were married Wednesday; also Taylor White, of this place, was married to Miss Laura Wilson, of Malcom, the same day.—Mrs. Mary Thompson Pace was brought home from over Saturday and Sunday.

Hamilton, O., where she suddenly lost her mind; she was taken to Lexington to the asylum for the insane Monday.—Geo. W. Johnson, of Knott County, was visiting friends in Burning Springs this week.

### MADISON COUNTY Big Hill

Big Hill, Sept. 18.—Mrs. Sherd Baker of this place is very low. It is hoped very much that she will recover. She has the deepest sympathy of the community. Her brother, John Bicknell, is here from Detroit, Mich.—Miss Amy Wilson who had typhoid fever is able to be out again.—Cam Neeley's little son, Earl, has typhoid fever but is on the mend.—Little Sherman Castle is down with typhoid.—S. C. Carrier, Sr., is able to be out again.—Charley Green of Paris and Mrs. Boss Coyle have been visiting friends and relatives here last week, but returned home last Sunday.—Miss Lucy Hayes is teaching again at Mallory Springs School with an enrollment of sixty-six pupils. We are sorry to say that whooping cough has decreased the attendance some. We are in hopes those afflicted children will soon be able to be in school again.

### Silver Creek

Silver Creek, Sept. 18.—The Rev. Geo. Childers closed his revival meeting at Silver Creek Thursday night with thirteen additions. He held one of the best revival meetings that has been at Silver Creek in many years.—Quite a number of the boys and girls around here are attending school at Berea this fall.—Mr. and Mrs. Bowman returned from North Carolina last Tuesday where they have been spending their vacation.—Miss Ivy Anderson, who has been sick the past week, is able to be out again.—Mrs. Pat Gadd is very poorly at this writing.—Mrs. Jim Bratcher, who was brought home from the College hospital last week, is slowly improving.

### Walnut Meadow

Walnut Meadow, Sept. 18.—A heavy frost Saturday morning and continued dry weather is making fodder cutting a necessity.—Several people around here attended the baptismal services held near Silver Creek church Thursday noon.—Dillard Green, who has been in Ohio thru the summer, returned in time to enter school at Berea Sept. 13, bringing with him his sister, Gertrude, who entered the Normal Department.—Mr. and Mrs. Dan Green and Master Casper, who went to Royce, New Mexico, last winter, have returned to their father's home.—Mrs. Lois Morgan and daughter, Mertie, have been visiting in Mercer County.—Miss Geneva Baughman, of Richmond, is making an extended visit with the Misses Ogg.—Messrs. Geo. Todd and James Martin, of Lancaster, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. T. M. Ogg.

### ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Threelinks

Threelinks, Sept. 19.—Road working is about all the go in this section at present.—W. S. Jones, the merchant of this place, is building a large stock barn for Geo. Gatlin, of Goochland.—J. W. H. Jones, who has been in Middletown, O., for some time, has returned home and reports work fine.—J. W. Johnson and son, Cassius, have returned from Tennessee, where they have been visiting for the last week.—J. F. Dooley is building a new store house near Goochland.—Geo. Gatlin, of Goochland, has returned from Louisville where he has been attending State Fair.—There will be a meeting at the Christian Church the fourth Sunday conducted by the Rev. Mr. Riley, of Anville.—Earnest Robinson has returned from Middletown, O.—J. W. Marcum of McKee and J. K. Baker of Berea were in Threelinks last week on business.—W. A. Phillips was in Berea the first of last week.—Charles Mullins, our grocery salesman, was calling on the merchants of this place the first of the week.

### Conway

Conway, Sept. 19.—The Rev. Mr. Gooche is conducting a revival meeting at Scaford Cane this week.—The box supper which was held at Fairview school house last Saturday night was a success. About twenty-five dollars were taken in which will go for the benefit of the school house.—Harrison Dean who has been so very low at the Robinson Hospital with typhoid, we are glad to say, is some better.—Jack Frost has been visiting us for a night or two biting several things.

James Beldon visited home folks over Saturday and Sunday.

### GARRARD COUNTY Lancaster Pike

Lancaster Pike, Sept. 18.—Sweeney Morgan shot and killed his son-in-law, Booth Sutton, Saturday night at the home of Mr. Holtzelaw near Lancaster on the Crab Orchard Pike.—Jim Brown and sister, Maggie, of Lancaster, spent Friday night at Jim Ralston's, near Paint Lick.—Professor Waterbury, of Canada, is a Paint Lick visitor.—Miss Bessie Ray Sanders, of Kirkville, was the guest of Mrs. Roy Schoeler in Lancaster last week.—Miss Nannie Scott, of Lowell, is visiting friends in Cincinnati.—Mrs. John Anderson, or Point Leavell, and Frank Ralston were in Lexington Saturday to see an eye specialist.—Miss Lillian Cochran, daughter of S. D. Cochran in Lancaster, and Kay Lackey, son of W. B. Lackey of near Lancaster, were quietly married at the home of the bride, Sept. 15th, at 1:15 p.m., the Rev. Mr. Cleere officiating. The young couple left for Kansas City, Mo., the same day where they will make their home.—Miss Sallie Hammonds died at her home near Point Leavell Sept. 15th. Miss Sallie had a long siege of typhoid then pneumonia. She was loved by all who knew her and left a host of friends to mourn her loss. She was buried in the Lancaster cemetery.

Postoffice Romance.  
Friendship, N. Y.  
Love, Va.  
Kissimmee, Fla.  
Ring, Ark.  
Parson, Ky.—Columbia (S. C.) State.

### MILLIONS FOR HIGHWAYS.

#### \$300,000,000 For 1916 Estimate of the American Highway Association.

During the year 1916 it is not unlikely that about \$300,000,000 will be spent on highways and highway bridges in the United States, or about as much as one-third the cost of the federal government for the fiscal year 1913-14. The average citizen who is asked to vote for the issue of highway bonds and who pays road taxes, as well as the expert, has the right to know how the money is expended and that it shall be expended for road building and road maintenance so as to obtain the largest economical results.

That such results may be reached the American Highway association has entered upon a campaign of education by bringing together in its book "a general outline of the methods in use in the different states of conducting road improvements and of raising funds for such work; an untechnical and practical explanation of different types of road improvements, culverts and bridges; a statement of the methods of maintenance and of preventing dust; a digest of the current specifications of the highway departments of several states where road work is carried on extensively; an explanation of the principles underlying the different classes of bonds issued to pay for highway improvements and finally to supply lists of manufacturers of machinery and materials for road work."

One of the Regulars.  
"He's a pessimist."  
"Worries over his bad luck, eh?"  
"Oh, even optimists do that. This fellow's a regular pessimist. He worries over other people's bad luck."—Exchange.

## THE DIXIE HIGHWAY

By J. Richard Randall

When the good old Summer is over,  
And the cold Winter days have come;  
When the bees have flown from the clover,  
And the migrating birds are gone;  
When life seems to lose all its pleasures;  
When the world seems so lonely and blue;  
We'll find down in "Dixie" a treasure,  
When the "Dixie Highway" goes thru.

CHORUS:  
We'll spin along the "Dixie Highway";  
All our weary cares will quickly fly away.  
We'll take our limousine and lots of gasoline  
And find the dear old Southern sky o'May.  
There the sun is shining brightly all the day,  
And the dear old Southern life is always gay,  
With the darkies singing ever down along the  
Swanee River.  
Way down along the "Dixie Highway."

In "Dixie" the song birds are singing.  
And the roses are always in bloom  
All the Southland is merrily ringing  
With glad Nature's melodious tune.  
The world ever seems to grow brighter,  
And the sky has a cerulean blue;  
And the wearisome burdens grow lighter,  
Where the "Dixie Highway" goes thru.

## TO THE HOUSE WIFE

If you buy GOLD DUST FLOUR  
You will not look sour  
With a smile on your face  
You will be in the race  
To get some more  
Because you are sure  
That GOLD DUST FLOUR will please  
Consequently you are at ease.

### ASK YOUR GROCER

### HE HAS IT

## FIND HEAD HUNTERS ON AMAZON



After an absence of three years Dr. William C. Farabee of the University museum (Philadelphia) expedition to South America returned, reporting having found a tribe of head hunters along the Amazon, in northern Brazil, which had never seen a white man before. These are two chiefs of the Parokoto tribe.

## NATIONAL PARK FRANCO-BRITISH HIGHWAY OPEN MAKE BIG GAINS

### Short Line Connection to the Pacific Coast.

### ENTERS THE YELLOWSTONE.

FRENCH MILE LONG TAKEN—  
LONDON CHRONICLES ADVANCE  
OF A THOUSAND YARDS.

Teutons Are Forced to Yield Mouquet Farm to Foe After a Long Struggle.

Western Union Newspaper News Service.

London.—Both the British and French increased their gains on the Somme front. The French after two days of comparative rest resumed their drive south of the Somme. They captured the greater part of the villages of Vermandovillers and Berny, portions of which they have held for more than a week. The fighting put the French in possession of the whole ground between the Vermandovillers and Deniecourt and the Deniecourt-Berny sectors. At Deniecourt the Germans still are desperately defending every inch of ground, but the two tips of the southern line of the great salient have been completely crushed in. Gen. Foch's infantry added still further to this success by capturing a number of trenches between Berny and Barieux. Repeated furious counter attacks were beaten off by the French curtain of fire. Seven hundred prisoners, including 15 officers, were taken by the French in the day's advance.

### FRENCH TROOPS TAKE FLORINA

(Continued from Page One).

Infantry continues the crossing of the River Broda, while the artillery energetically bombards Bulgarian positions on the right bank.

"On our left wing Franco-Russian troops engaged strong Bulgarian forces on the Rosna-Florina front. After a desperate struggle, lasting through the whole day of the 17th and all of the following night, and, despite the desperate resistance of the Bulgarians, who delivered a series of counter attacks and cavalry charges, our troops gained a brilliant victory.

The town of Florina was carried by assault at 10 o'clock in the morning by French troops and is entirely in our power. The enemy is retiring in disorder in the direction of Monastir.

Further successes for the French in the Somme region on the west front are reported by Paris. A war office statement says that the Germans lost heavily in several counter attacks north and south of the Somme, and that the French maintained the group they already had won and made further progress near Clery and Berny and on the eastern edge of Deniecourt.

"The town of Deniecourt has been completely encircled, according to the Paris statement. This town is at the center of the wedge." French have driven into the German positions north of the important railroad town of Chaux Châtelain, and its resistance held up the advance of the French between Vervy and Vermandovillers, which were captured.

The Berlin statement admits that the French have made some gains on the Somme front, but says that the British have been halted.

According to the Berlin statement, the Russian advance toward Halic, the town in Galicia that the Muscovites have been trying to take in their operations toward Lemberg, has been repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. The Russians have lost all the ground that they gained in their operations of the last few days, according to the Berlin statement.

According to Sofia the Bulgarian and German forces are continuing to push back the Roumanians and Russians in Dobruja, and have frustrated counter attacks by the defenders.

### IN OUR OWN STATE

Continued from Page One)  
Illiteracy Commission and its plans to remove this terrible blot from our State.

She urged the teachers to cooperate in this great movement from a sense of duty to themselves, their State and their fellow-man, to which the teachers as a whole manifested great interest by pledging themselves to teach a moonlight school in their respective districts.

Perry County is to be congratulated that she has teachers who have His spirit to prompt them to lend a helping hand. The citizens of Perry County should cooperate in every way possible with the teachers.

### Electricity.

No one knows what electricity is. We know some of the things that it will do. We have to a certain extent learned how to control it and for want of a better name call it a fluid. We have discovered, too, that it is one of the most important forces, of which we have any knowledge. We are almost as ignorant of many other great forces of nature—as, for example, the attraction of gravitation. For the present we must be content to observe such forces in action and to devise the best methods to control them. In this knowledge mankind has progressed wonderfully within a few years.—St. Nicholas.

Twenty Years Hence Hundreds of People Will Be Glad They Started to Berea in September, 1916!

Berea has the best short course in Mountain Agriculture